Marketing Essentials

Glencoe



Chapter 22

physical distribution

Section 22.1 Transportation

Section 22.2 Inventory Storage



Before You Read

CONNECT What channels of transportation are used to deliver your favorite products to you?

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OBJECTIVES

- Describe the nature and scope of physical distribution.
- Identify transportation systems and services that move products from manufacturers to consumers.
- Name the different kinds of transportation service companies.



THE MAIN IDEA

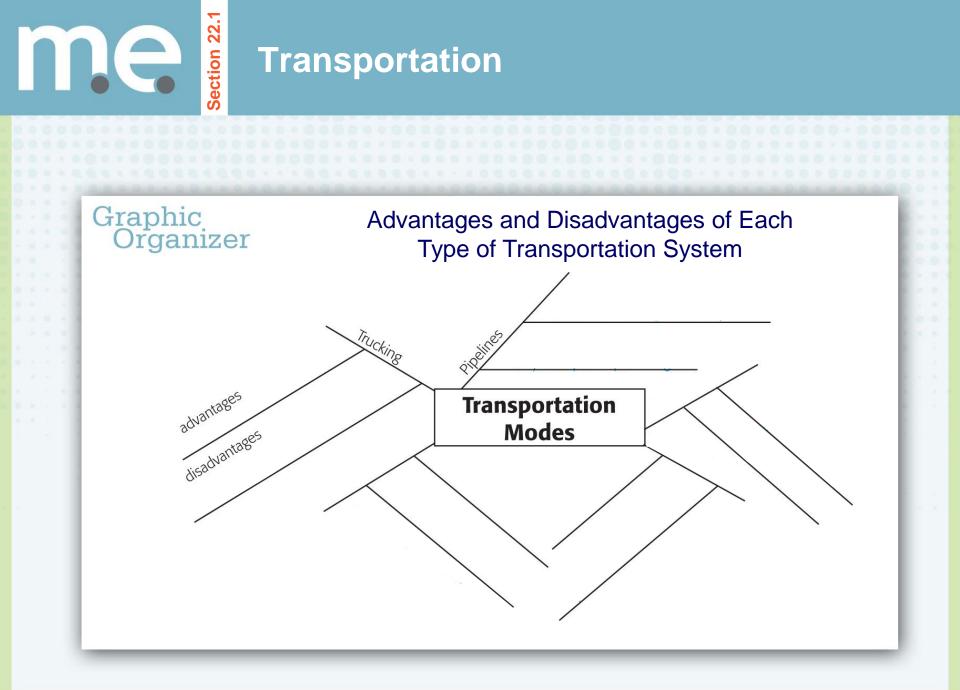
Success in today's business environment requires companies to deliver products efficiently and effectively to their customers around the world.



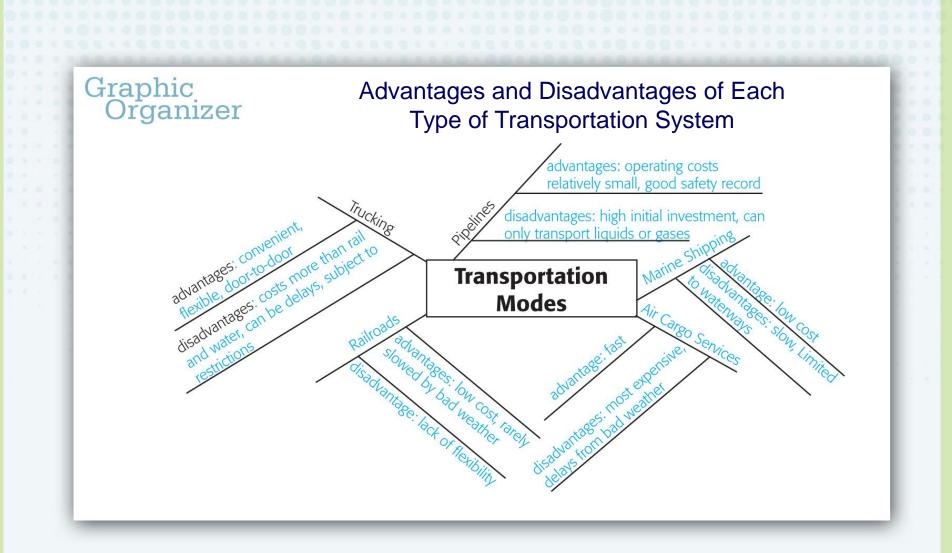
VOCABULARY

- physical distribution
- transportation
- common carriers
- contract carriers
- private carriers

exempt carriers
ton-mile
carload
freight forwarders









The Nature and Scope of Physical Distribution

Physical Distribution

Key link between a business and its customers

Goods can be stored in convenient locations

Also known as logistics

Each link in the system affects the other links

Needs to be as efficient and cost effective as possible

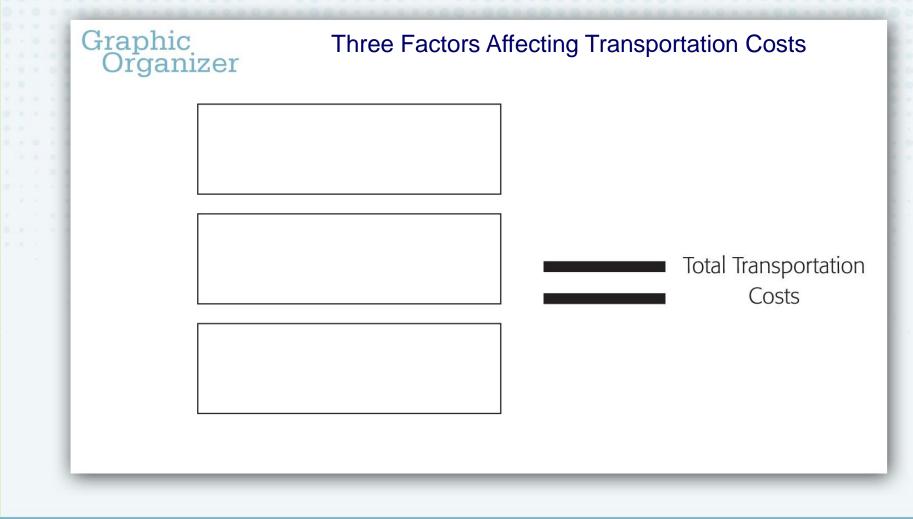


physical distribution

Activities for delivering the right amount of product to the right place at the right time.



The Nature and Scope of Physical Distribution

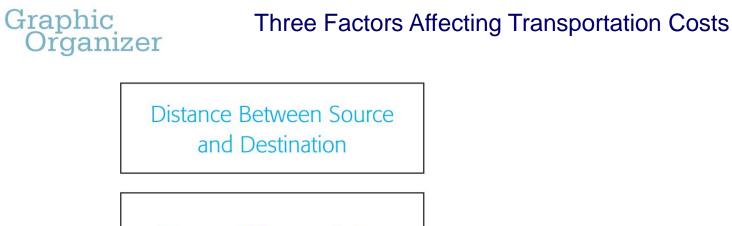


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The Nature and Scope of Physical Distribution



Means of Transportation

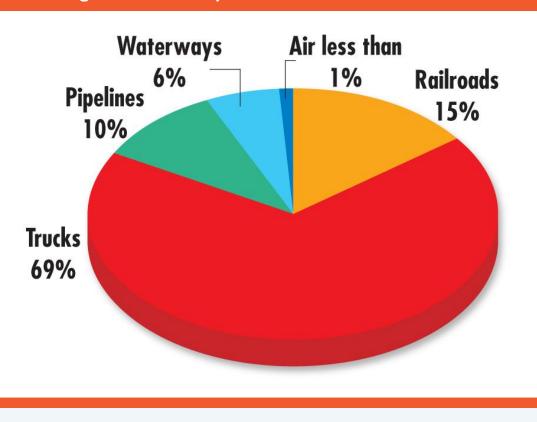
Size and Quantity of Product Being Shipped Total Transportation
 Costs

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Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Percentage of Freight Shipped by Each Type of Single-Mode Transportation in the United States



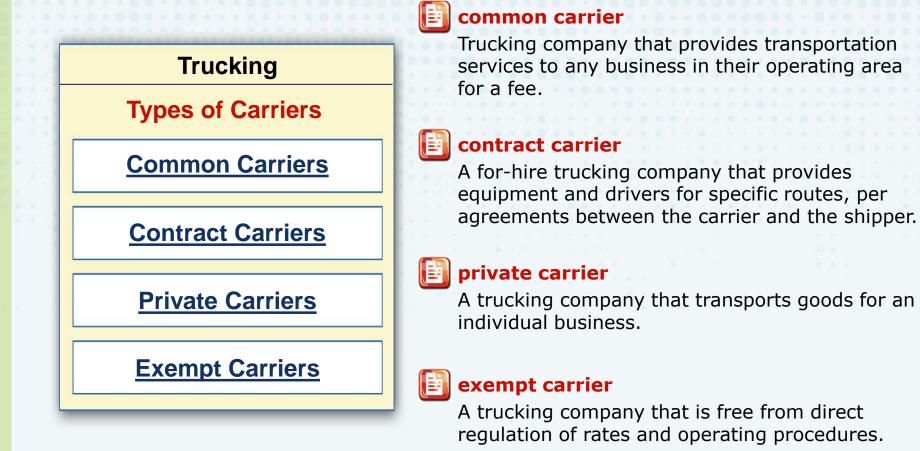
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Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

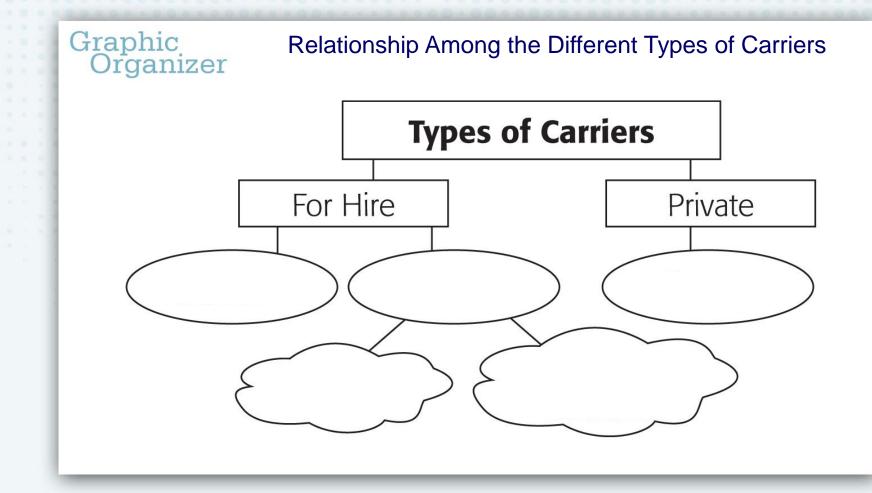
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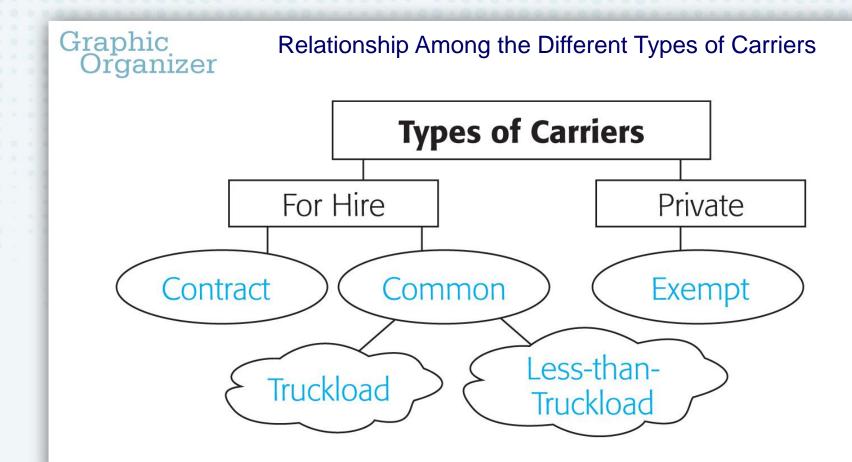


Types of Transportation Systems





Types of Transportation Systems



Section

Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Advantages of **Truck Transportation**

22.1

- Convenient door-to-door delivery
- Rapid delivery reduces the \triangleright need for large inventories

- **Disadvantages of Truck Transportation**
- Cost more than rail and water carriers
- Susceptible to delays



Types of Transportation Systems

Trains transport nearly 15 percent of the total <u>ton-miles</u> of freight shipped in the United States.

Rates charged for less-than-<u>carload</u> shipments are more expensive.

] ton-mile

Movement of one ton (2,000 pounds) of freight one mile.

🛐 carload

Minimum number of pounds of freight needed to fill a boxcar.

Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Advantages of Railroad Transportation	Disadvantages of Railroad Transportation	
 Low cost Requires less energy than motor carriers 	Lack of flexibility of delivery locations	
Seldom slowed by bad weather		

Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Advantages of Marine Shipping

Low cost

Disadvantages of Marine Shipping

Slow

Freight must be off-loaded onto railroad cars or motor carriers

Affected by bad weather

Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Advantages of Pipelines	Disadvantages of Pipelines
 Low operational costs Safety record 	Leaks can damage the environment
Low instances of damage or theft	
Not subject to weather delays	

Transportation

Types of Transportation Systems

Advantages of Air Cargo Services

Speed

 Reduced inventory expenses and storage costs

- Disadvantages of Air Cargo Services
- High cost
- Mechanical breakdowns
- Weather delays



Transportation Service Companies

U.S. Postal Service

Express **Delivery** Service

Bus Package **Carriers**

Freight Forwarders

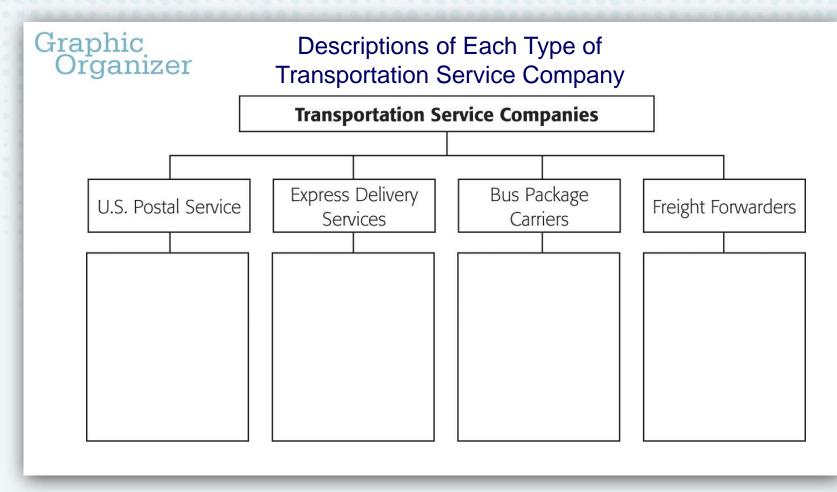


freight forwarder

A private company that combines less-than-carload or less-than-truckload shipments from several businesses and delivers them to their destinations.

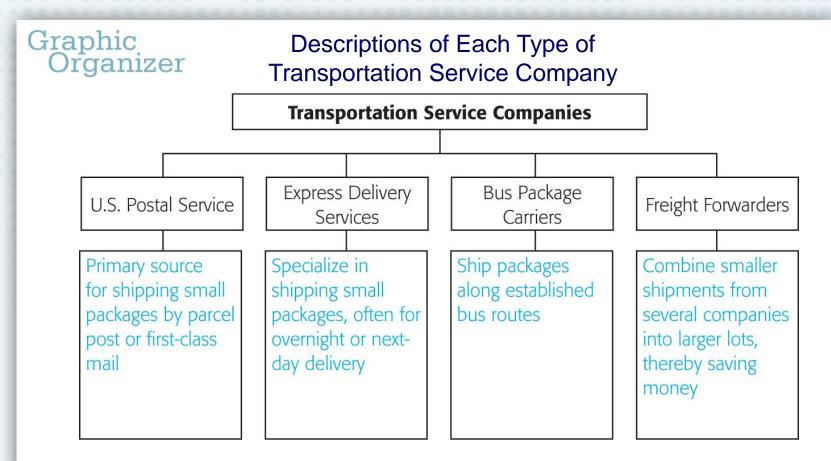


Transportation Service Companies



Transportation

Transportation Service Companies





After You Read Section 22.1

Explain why transportation is related to customer service.

Transportation is related to customer service because choosing the right mode of transportation can make a product more affordable for a customer or can make the product more desirable (for example, if it arrives faster or on time.)



After You Read Section 22.1

2. Differentiate between common, contract, and private carriers.

Common carriers provide truck transportation services to any business in their operating area for a fee. Contract carriers are for-hire trucking companies that provide equipment and drivers for specific routes, according to agreements between the carrier and the shipper. Private carriers transport goods for an individual business.



After You Read Section 22.1

3. List the benefits of intermodal transportation.

Intermodal transportation such as piggyback or fishyback services combine the advantages of truck transportation with the lower costs of rail and marine transportation.



Before You Read

CONNECT How might the law of supply and demand relate to inventory storage?

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OBJECTIVES

- Explain the concept and function of inventory storage.
- Identify the types of warehouses.
- Discuss distribution planning for international markets.



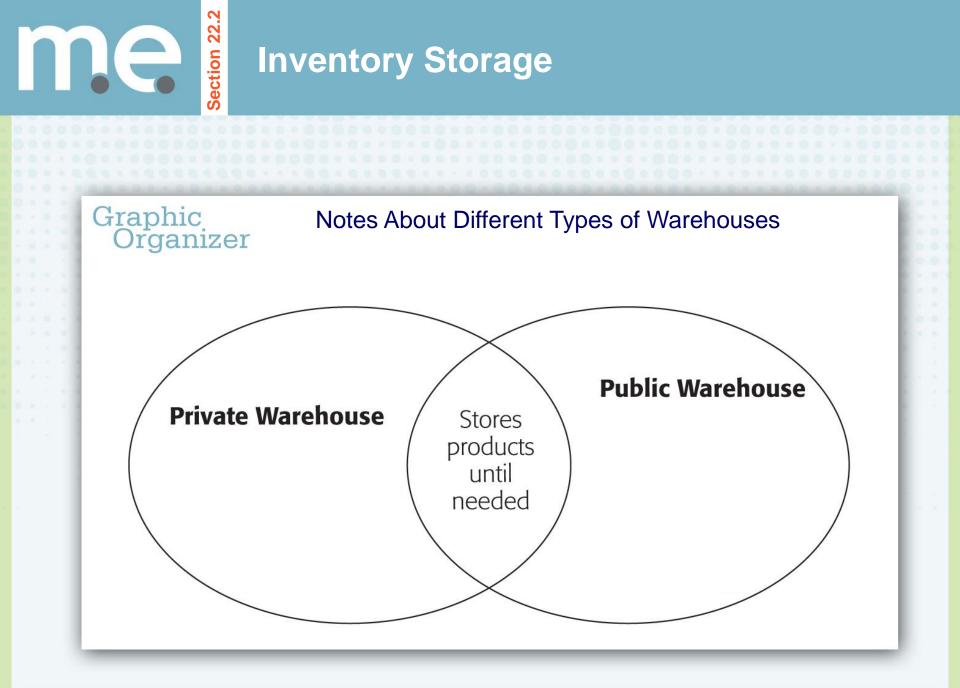
THE MAIN IDEA

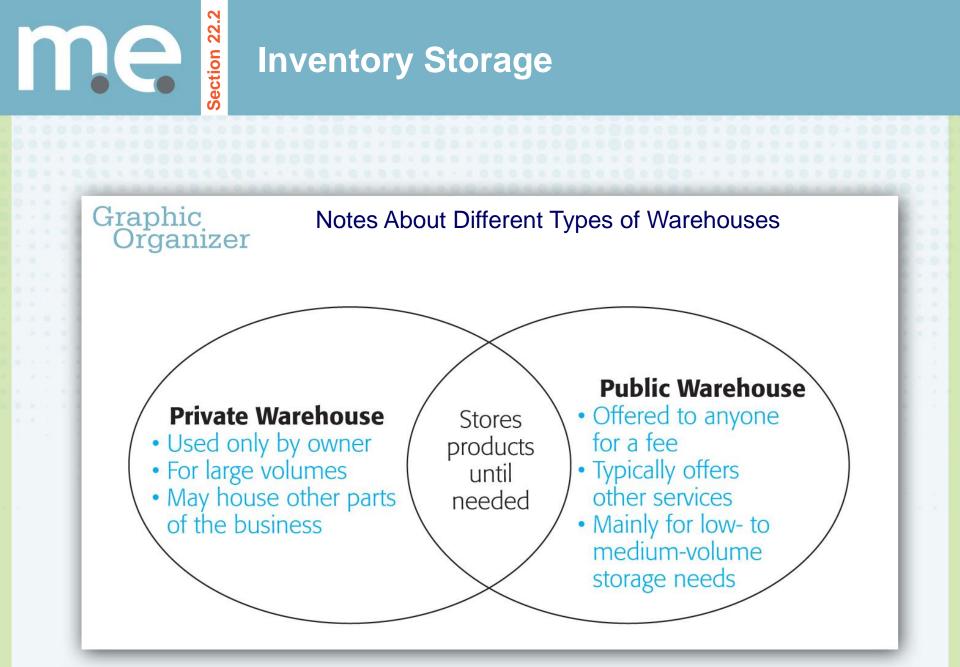
Inventory storage allows a business to keep its products in a safe location until they are needed or ready to be sold.



VOCABULARY

- storage
- private warehouse
- public warehouse
- distribution center
- bonded warehouse







The Storage of Goods

Storage

Facilitates the movement of products through the distribution channel as products are sold

Products are stored until sold

Products are stored if production exceeds consumption

Products are stored safely and securely at convenient locations

Storage adds time and place utility to products

Internet-based stores require warehouse space



The holding of goods until they are sold.



The Storage of Goods

Types of Warehouses

Private Warehouse

Public Warehouse

Distribution Center

Bonded Warehouse



private warehouse

A storage facility designed to meet the specific needs of its owner.



public warehouse

A storage and handling facility offered to any individual or company that will pay for its use.



distribution center

A warehouse designed to speed delivery of goods and to minimize storage costs.

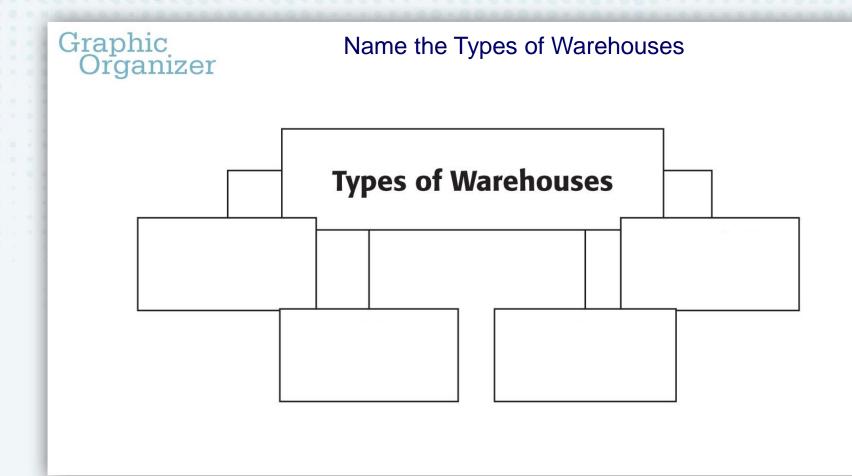


bonded warehouse

A public or private warehouse that stores products requiring payment of a federal tax.

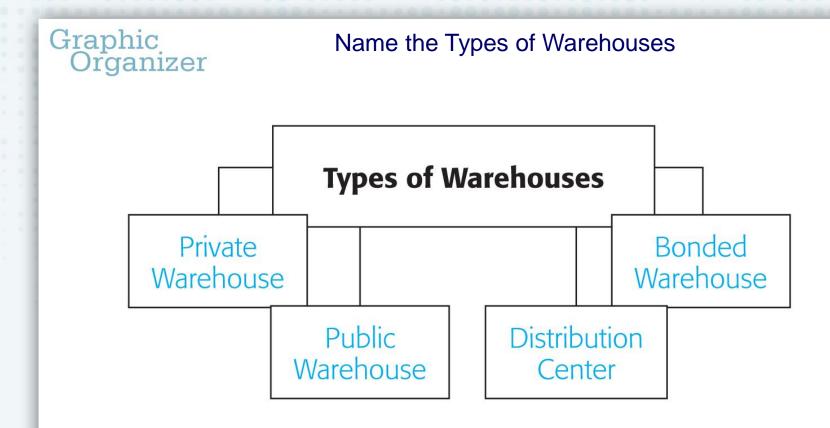


The Storage of Goods





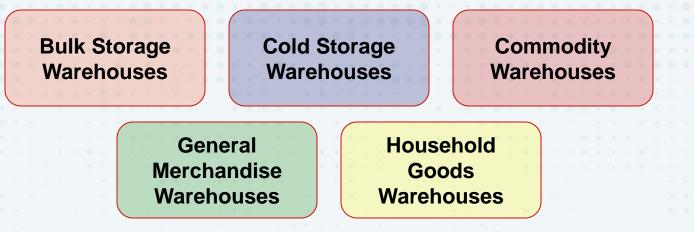
The Storage of Goods





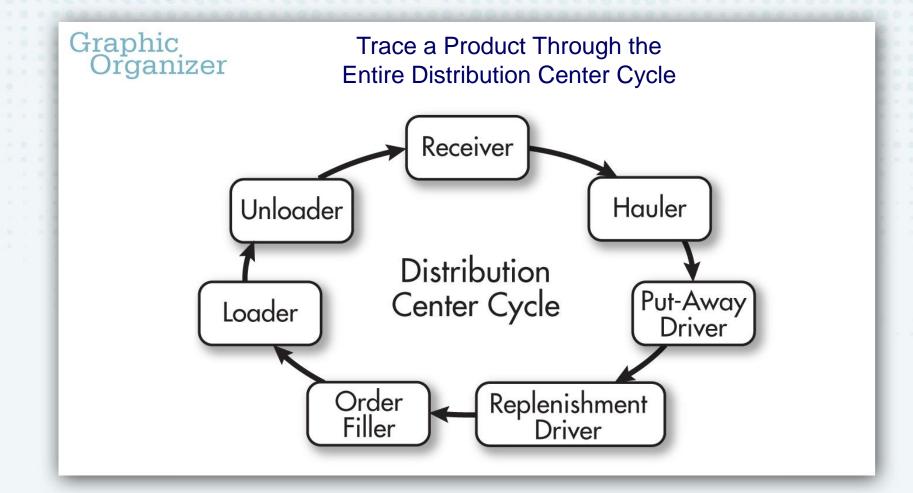
The Storage of Goods

Five Types of Public Warehouse





The Storage of Goods





Distribution Planning for International Markets

Distribution Planning for International Markets

Requires more planning

Export and import laws

Conflicting bureaucratic regulations

Language barriers

Complex negotiations

Foreign transportation systems are different with mixed reliability



Distribution Planning for International Markets

Graphi Orgar	c nizer	Define These Trade Barriers
		Trade Barriers
	Tariff	
	Quota	
	Embargo	



Graphic Organizer

Inventory Storage

Distribution Planning for International Markets

Define These Trade Barriers

Trade Barriers

Tariff	tax on imports
Quota	limit, either based on quantity or monetary value, on importing specific goods
Embargo	ban on importing specific goods



After You Read Section 22.2

Explain the four reasons why merchandise is stored.

Students should list any four of these reasons for storing merchandise: facilitate delivery to purchaser, production has outpaced demand, products require seasonal storage, to take advantage of quantity purchases, and to be located close to purchasers.

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2. List three services that might be offered at a public warehouse.

Students should list any three of these services that might be offered at a public warehouse: shipment consolidation, receiving, unloading, inspecting, reshipping, order filling, and truck terminal operation services.



After You Read Section 22.2

3. Describe a bonded warehouse.

A bonded warehouse can be either a public or private warehouse that stores products that require the payment of a federal tax. Products cannot be removed until the required tax is paid. Marketing Essentials

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End of Chapter 22

physical distribution

Section 22.1 Transportation

Section 22.2 Inventory Storage